

*****2010 년 미국개정시민권시험문제*****

[질문 마지막에 꽃(*)표가 있는것은 “쉬운 20 문제”이며, 반드시 두가지 조건 (“65 세이상”이며 “20 년이상 영주권자”)에 충족되어야 해당됩니다.]

I. AMERICAN GOVERNMENT (미국정부조직)

A: Principles of American Democracy (미국민주주의원칙)

1. What is the supreme law of the land? (국가최상위법은 무엇인가?)

☞ the Constitution (헌법)

2. What does the Constitution do? (헌법이 하는기능은 무엇인가?)

☞ sets up the government (정부조직구성) / defines the government (정부범위의규정)
/ protects basic rights of Americans (미국인의기본권보호)

3. The idea of self-government is in the first three words of the Constitution. What are these words? (자치제의개념은 헌법의 첫 “세단어”에 들어있다. 이 단어들은 무엇인가?)

☞ We the People (우리국민)

4. What is an amendment? (수정헌법이란 무엇인가?)

☞ a change (to the Constitution) ((헌법에대한) 변경사항) / an addition (to the Constitution) ((헌법에대한) 추가조항)

5. What do we call the first ten amendments to the Constitution? (1 차헌법수정 10 개조항을 무엇이라고부르는가?)

☞ the Bill of Rights (권리장전)

6. What is one right or freedom from the First Amendment?*

(1 차헌법수정안에 있는 권리나 자유중 한가지는 무엇인가?)

☞ speech (언론, 표현) / religion (종교) / assembly (집회) / press (출판, 보도) / petition the government (정부에 청원)

7. How many amendments does the Constitution have?

(헌법에는 얼마나 많은 수정안이 있는가?)

☞ twenty-seven / 27 (27)

8. What did the Declaration of Independence do? (독립선언은 무엇을 의미하는가?)

☞ announced our independence (from Great Britain) ((영국으로부터의) 독립을알림) / declared our independence (from Great Britain) ((영국으로부터의) 독립을선언) / said that the United States is free (from Great Britain) (미국이 (영국으로부터) 자유롭다는것을밝힘)

9. What are two rights in the Declaration of Independence?

(독립선언에 있는 권리중 두가지는 무엇인가?)

☞ life (생명) / liberty (자유) / pursuit of happiness (행복추구)

10. What is freedom of religion? (종교의자유란 무엇인가?)

☞ You can practice any religion, or not practice a religion. (어떤종교생활을하거나, 또는못지 않을수있다.)

11. What is the economic system in the United States?*(미국의경제체제는 무엇인가?)

☞ capitalist economy (자본주의경제체제) / market economy (시장경제체제)

12. What is the "rule of law"? ("법의지배"란무엇인가?)

☞ Everyone must follow the law. (모든사람은법을따라야한다.) / Leaders must obey the law. (지도자들은법을준수해야한다.) / Government must obey the law.

(정부는법을준수해야한다.) / No one is above the law.

(어느누구도법에우선하지않는다.)

B: System of Government (정부 제도)

13. Name one branch or part of the government.*

(정부조직의 분야나 부문중하나의 이름을말하라.)

☞ Congress (의회) / legislative (입법부) / President (대통령) / executive (행정부) / the courts (법원) / judicial (사법부)

14. What stops one branch of government from becoming too powerful?

(정부의 한부문이 지나치게 강력해지는것을 막는것은 무엇인가?)

☞ checks and balances (견제와균형) / separation of powers (삼권분립)

15. Who is in charge of the executive branch?

(행정부를 책임지고있는 사람은 누구인가?)

☞ the President (대통령)

16. Who makes federal laws? (연방법은 누가 만드는가?)

☞ Congress (의회) / Senate and House (of Representatives) (상원과하원) / (U.S. or national) legislature ((미연방, 또는국가의) 입법부)

17. What are the two parts of the U.S. Congress? (미국의회의 두부문은 무엇인가?)

☞ the Senate and House (of Representatives) (상원과 하원)

18. How many U.S. Senators are there? (미국상원의원은 몇명인가?)

☞ one hundred / 100 (100 명)

19. We elect a U.S. Senator for how many years?
(미국상원의원은 몇년에 한번 선출되는가?)

☞ six / 6 (6 년)

20. Who is one of your state's U.S. Senators?*

(당신이사는 주(州)의 미국상원의원중 한사람은누구인가?)

☞답은해당주(州)에따라다름: 2010 년 현재 매사추세츠주는 “존 케리”와 “스캇 브라운” 이며, 자가지역우편코드를 아래홈페이지에 입력시키면자가지역 국회의원,주지사, 상원의원이름이나온다

<http://capwiz.com/seiuorg/dbg/officials>

21. The House of Representatives has how many voting members?

(하원에는 얼마나 많은 표결의원이있는가?)

☞ four hundred thirty-five / 435 (435 명)

22. We elect a U.S. Representative for how many years?

(미국하원의원은 몇년에 한번 선출되는가?)

☞ two / 2 (2 년)

23. Name your U.S. Representative. (당신지역의 미국하원의원 이름을 말하라.)

☞답은해당지역에따라다름

24. Who does a U.S. Senator represent? (미국상원의원은 누구를 대표하는가?)

☞ all people of the state (그 주(州)의모든주민)

25. Why do some states have more Representatives than other states?

(어째서어떤주(州)에는 다른주(州)보다 더많은 하원의원이 있는가?)

☞ (because of) the state's population (주(州)의인구때문에) / (because) they have more people (사람이더많기때문에) / (because) some states have more people (어떤주(州)에는사람이더많기때문에)

26. We elect a President for how many years? (대통령의 임기는 ?)

☞ four / 4 (4 년)

27. In what month do we vote for President?* (어느달에 대통령선거를하는가?)

☞ November (11 월)

28. What is the name of the President of the United States now?* (현재

미국대통령의 이름은무엇인가?)

☞ 답은해당시기에따라다름 [2010 년 현재는 Barrak Obama / Obama 대통령]

29. What is the name of the Vice President of the United States now?

(현재미국부통령의이름은무엇인가?)

☞ 답은해당시기에따라다름 [2010 년 현재는 Joseph Biden / Biden 부통령]

30. If the President can no longer serve, who becomes President? (대통령이

더이상 임무를 수행할수없다면, 누가대통령이 되는가?)

☞ the Vice President (부통령)

31. If both the President and the Vice President can no longer serve, who becomes

**President? (대통령과부통령 모두가 더이상 임무를 수행할수 없다면, 누가
대통령이 되는가?)**

☞ the Speaker of the House (하원의장)

32. Who is the Commander in Chief of the military? (군의

최고사령관은누구인가?)

☞ the President (대통령)

33. Who signs bills to become laws? (누가법안에 서명하여 법률로정하는가?)

☞ the President (대통령)

34. Who vetoes bills? (누가 법안에 거부권을 행사하는가?)

☞ the President (대통령)

35. What does the President's Cabinet do? (대통령의 각료들은 무엇을 하는가?)

☞ advises the President (대통령을 보좌하여 조언한다.)

36. What are two Cabinet-level positions? (각료급- 직책중 두가지는 무엇인가?)

☞ Secretary of Agriculture (농무부장관) / Secretary of Commerce (상공부장관) / Secretary of Defense (국방부장관) / Secretary of Education (교육부장관) / Secretary of Energy (에너지부장관) / Secretary of Health and Human Services (보건복지부장관) / Secretary of Homeland Security (국토안보부장관) / Secretary of Housing and Urban Development (주택도시개발부장관) / Secretary of Interior (내무부장관) / Secretary of State (국무부장관) / Secretary of Transportation (교통부장관) / Secretary of Treasury (재무부장관) / Secretary of Veterans' Affairs (보훈부장관) / Secretary of Labor (노동부장관) / Attorney General (법무부장관)

37. What does the judicial branch do? (사법부는 무엇을 하는가?)

☞ reviews laws (법률의 재검토) / explains laws (법률의 해석) / resolves disputes (disagreements) (분쟁이나 다툼의 해결) / decides if a law goes against the Constitution (법률이 헌법에 위배되는지를 판단)

38. What is the highest court in the United States? (미국의 최고 법원은 무엇인가?)

☞ the Supreme Court (연방대법원)

39. How many justices are on the Supreme Court?

(연방대법원에는 몇 명의 판사가 있는가?)

☞ nine / 9 (9 명)

40. Who is the Chief Justice of the United States? (미국의 대법원장은 누구인가?)

☞ 답은 시기에 따라 다름 [2010 년 현재는 John Roberts / John G. Roberts, Jr. 대법원장]

41. Under our Constitution, some powers belong to the federal government. What is one power of the federal government? (헌법에 의하면, 몇가지 권한은 연방정부에 속해있다. 연방정부의 권한중 한가지는 무엇인가?)

☞ to print money (화폐발행) / to declare war (전쟁선포) / to create an army (군대의신설) / to make treaties (조약체결)

42. Under our Constitution, some powers belong to the states. What is one power of the states? (헌법에 의하면, 몇가지 권한은 주(州)에 속해있다. 주(州)의 권한중 한가지는 무엇인가?)

☞ provide schooling and education (훈련과교육의제공) / provide protection (police) (보호서비스제공 (경찰업무)) / provide safety (fire departments) (안전서비스제공 (소방업무)) / give a driver's license (운전면허발급) / approve zoning and land use ((용지) 지구설정및토지이용승인)

43. Who is the Governor of your state?

(여러분이 사는 주(州)의 주지사는 누구인가?)

☞ 매사추세츠주는 두발 페트릭 (민주당)

44. What is the capital of your state?* (여러분이 사는 주(州)의 수도는 어디인가?)

☞ 보스톤

45. What are the two major political parties in the United States?* (미국의 주요정당 두개는 무엇인가?)

☞ Democratic and Republican (민주당과 공화당)

46. What is the political party of the President now? (현재 대통령이 속한정당은 어디인가?)

☞ 답은 시기에 따라 다름 [2010 년 현재는 Democratic Party (민주당)]

47. What is the name of the Speaker of the House of Representatives now?

(현재하원의장의 이름은 무엇인가?)

☞ 답은시기에따라다름 [2010 년현재는 (Nancy) Pelosi 낸시 펠로시]

C: Rights and Responsibilities (권리와 책임)

48. There are four amendments to the Constitution about who can vote. Describe one of them. (헌법에는 누가 투표할수있는가에관한 4 개의헌법수정조항이있다.

그네가지 중 하나를기술하라.

☞ Citizens eighteen (18) and older (can vote). (18 세이상의 시민은 투표할수있다.) /

You don't have to pay (a poll tax) to vote. (투표를위해 인두세를 낼필요가없다.) /

Any citizen can vote. / Women and men can vote. (시민은누구나 투표할수있다. /

여성이나남성이나 투표할수있다.) / A male citizen of any race (can vote).

(어떤종족의 남성시민이라도 투표할수있다.)

49. What is one responsibility that is only for United States citizens?*

(미국시민에게만 해당되는 의무중 한가지는무엇인가?)

☞ serve on a jury (배심원으로봉사) / vote (투표)

50. What are two rights only for United States citizens? (미국시민에게만

해당되는 권리중 두가지는 무엇인가?)

☞ apply for a federal job (연방공무원에지원) / vote (투표) / run for office (공직출마)

/ carry a U.S. passport (미국여권소지)

51. What are two rights of everyone living in the United States? (미국에 살고있는

모든사람이 갖는 권리중 두가지는 무엇인가?)

☞ freedom of expression! (표현의자유) / freedom of speech (언론의자유) / freedom of

assembly (집회의자유) / freedom to petition the government (정부청원의자유) /

freedom of worship (신앙의자유) / the right to bear arms (무기소지권리)

52. What do we show loyalty to when we say the Pledge of Allegiance?

(충성의맹세를 말할때, 무엇에 충성을 표하는것인가?)

☞ the United States (미국) / the flag (국기)

53. What is one promise you make when you become a United States citizen?

(미국시민이될때, 여러분이 하게되는 서약중 한가지는무엇인가?)

☞ give up loyalty to other countries (다른나라에대한충성심포기) / defend the Constitution and laws of the United States (미국헌법과법률의옹호) / obey the laws of the United States (미국법률의준수) / serve in the U.S. military (if needed)

((필요한경우) 미국군에복무) / serve (do important work for) the nation (if needed)

((필요한경우) 국가를위한중요한일에종사) / be loyal to the United States

(미국에충성)

54. How old do citizens have to be to vote for President?* (시민들은 몇살에

대통령선거를 하도록 되어있는가?)

☞ eighteen and older (18 세이상)

55. What are two ways that Americans can participate in their democracy?

(미국인이 민주주의에 참여할수있는 방법들중 두가지는무엇인가?)

☞ vote (투표하기) / join a political party (정당가입) / help with a campaign

(선거운동지원) / join a civic group (시민단체가입) / join a community group

(지역사회단체가입) / give an elected official your opinion on an issue

(선출공직자에게어떤문제에대한자신의의견피력하기) / call Senators and

Representatives (상원의원이나하원의원에전화하기) / publicly support or oppose an

issue or policy (어떤문제나정책을공개적으로지지하거나반대하기) / run for office

(공직에출마하기) / write to a newspaper (신문사에기고하기)

56. When is the last day you can send in federal income tax forms?*

(연방소득세신고서를 제출할수있는 마지막날은 언제인가?)

☞ April 15 (4 월 15 일)

57. When must all men register for the Selective Service? (모든남성은 언제 의무병역에 등록해야하는가?)

☞ at age eighteen (18 세에) / between eighteen and twenty-six (18 세에서 26 세사이에)

II. AMERICAN HISTORY (미국 역사)

A: Colonial Period and Independence

58. What is one reason colonists came to America? (식민지개척자들이 미국에 온 이유중 한가지는 무엇인가?)

☞ freedom (자유) / political liberty (정치적자유) / religious freedom (종교적자유) / economic opportunity (경제적기회) / practice their religion (종교생활을위해) / escape persecution (박해를피해서)

59. Who lived in America before the Europeans arrived? (유럽인들이 오기전에 미국에는 누가살았는가?)

☞ Native Americans (아메리카원주민) / American Indians (아메리카인디언)

60. What group of people was taken to America and sold as slaves? (어떤무리의 사람들이 미국으로 끌려와 노예로팔렸는가?)

☞ Africans (아프리카인들) / people from Africa (아프리카에서온사람들)

61. Why did the colonists fight the British? (왜 식민지개척자들은 영국과싸웠는가?)

☞ because of high taxes (taxation without representation) ((대표성이없는징세) 높은세금때문에) / because the British army stayed in their houses (boarding, quartering) (영국군이그들의집에서숙영했기때문에) / because they didn't have self-government (자치정부가없었기때문에)

62. Who wrote the Declaration of Independence? (독립선언서는 누가 썼는가?)

☞ Thomas Jefferson (토마스제퍼슨)

63. When was the Declaration of Independence adopted? (독립선언서가 채택된 날은 언제인가?)

☞ July 4, 1776 (1776 년 7 월 4 일)

64. There were 13 original states. Name three. (처음에는 13 개주(州)가 있었다. (그중) 3 개주(州)의 이름을 말하라.)

☞ New Hampshire (뉴햄프셔) / Massachusetts (매사추세츠) / Rhode Island (로드아일랜드) / Connecticut (코네티컷) / New York (뉴욕) / New Jersey (뉴저지) / Pennsylvania (펜실바니아) / Delaware (델라웨어) / Maryland (매릴랜드) / Virginia (버지니아) / North Carolina (노스캐롤라이너) / South Carolina (사우스캐롤라이너) / Georgia (조지아)

65. What happened at the Constitutional Convention? (헌법 제정 회의에서는 무슨일이 있었는가?)

☞ The Constitution was written. (헌법이 제정되었다.) / The Founding Fathers wrote the Constitution. (건국의 아버지들이 헌법을 제정했다.)

66. When was the Constitution written? (헌법은 언제 제정되었는가?)

☞ 1787 (1787 년)

67. The Federalist Papers supported the passage of the U.S. Constitution. Name one of the writers. ((연방파정치인들의 글을 모아 만든) 연방주의자 논문집은 미국헌법의 가결을 지지했다. (그논문집의) 저자들중한 사람의 이름을 말하라.)

☞ James Madison (제임스메디슨) / Alexander Hamilton (알렉산더해밀튼) / John Jay (존제이) / Publius (퍼블리우스)

68. What is one thing Benjamin Franklin is famous for? (벤자민프랭클린이 유명한것중 한가지는 무엇인가?)

☞ U.S. diplomat (미국외교관) / oldest member of the Constitutional Convention (헌법제정회의최고령의원) / first Postmaster General of the United States (미국의초대우편공사총재) / writer of "Poor Richard's Almanac" ("가난한리처드의연감"의작가) / started the first free libraries (최초의무료도서관개관)

69. Who is the "Father of Our Country"? ("우리나라의아버지"는누구인가?)

☞ George Washington (조지워싱턴)

70. Who was the first President? (초대대통령은 누구인가?) *

☞ George Washington (조지워싱턴)

B: 1800s

71. What territory did the United States buy from France in 1803? (미국이 1803년에 프랑스로부터 매입한 영토는 어디인가?)

☞ the Louisiana Territory (루이지아나준주(準州)) / Louisiana (루이지아나)

72. Name one war fought by the United States in the 1800s. (1800년대에 미국이벌인 전쟁중 한가지를 말하라.)

☞ War of 1812 (1812년전쟁) / Mexican-American War (멕시코-미국전쟁) / Civil War (남북전쟁) / Spanish-American War (스페인-미국전쟁)

73. Name the U.S. war between the North and the South. (남부와북부사이에 벌어진 미국의전쟁이름을 말하라.)

☞ the Civil War (남북전쟁) / the War between the States (주(州)들간의내전)

74. Name one problem that led to the Civil War. (남북전쟁에 이르게된 문제점 한가지를 말하라.)

☞ slavery (노예제도) / economic reasons (경제적이유) / states' rights (주(州)의권리)

75. What was one important thing that Abraham Lincoln did?

***(에이브러햄 링컨이 한일중 중요한것 한가지는무엇인가?)**

☞ freed the slaves / Emancipation Proclamation (노예해방 / 노예해방선언) / saved (or preserved) the Union ((남북전쟁당시의) 미국을구함) / led the United States during the Civil War (남북전쟁기간에미(美) 연방을이끔)

76. What did the Emancipation Proclamation do? (노예해방선언은 어떤일을 했는가?)

☞ freed the slaves (노예들을해방시킴) / freed slaves in the Confederacy

(남부연합에서의노예해방) / freed slaves in the Confederate states

(남부연합제주(諸州)에서의노예해방) / freed slaves in most Southern states

(남부대부분의주(州)에서노예해방)

77. What did Susan B. Anthony do? (수잔 B. 앤소니는무슨일을했는가?)

☞ fought for women's rights (여성의권리를위해싸움) / fought for civil rights

(시민권을위해싸움)

78. Name one war fought by the United States in the 1900s. (1900 년대에

미국이벌인 전쟁중 한가지를 말하라.)

☞ World War I (세계 1 차대전) / World War II (세계 2 차대전) / Korean War

(한국전쟁) / Vietnam War (베트남전쟁) / (Persian) Gulf War ((페르시아) 걸프전쟁)

79. Who was President during World War I? (세계 1 차대전기간중에 대통령은

누구였는가?)

☞ Woodrow Wilson (우드로우윌슨)

80. Who was President during the Great Depression and World War II? (대공황과 세계 2 차대전 기간중에 대통령은 누구였는가?)

☞ Franklin Roosevelt (프랭클린루즈벨트)

81. Who did the United States fight in World War II? (세계 2 차대전에서 미국은 누구와 싸웠는가?)

☞ Japan, Germany, and Italy (일본, 독일, 그리고이탈리아)

82. Before he was President, Eisenhower was a general. What war was he in?

(대통령이 되기전에, 아이젠하워는 장군이였다. 그는 어느전쟁에 참여했는가?)

☞ World War II (세계 2 차대전)

83. During the Cold War, what was the main concern of the United States?

(냉전기간중에, 미국의 주요관심사는 무엇이였는가?)

☞ Communism (공산주의)

84. What movement tried to end racial discrimination? (인종차별을종식시키려고 노력한것은 무슨운동인가?)

☞ civil rights movement (시민권운동)

85. What did Martin Luther King, Jr. do?*(마틴루터킹 2 세는

무슨일을했는가?)

☞ fought for civil rights (시민권을위해싸움) / worked for equality for all Americans

(모든미국인의평등을위해노력함)

86. What major event happened on September 11, 2001 in the United States?

(미국에서는 2001 년 9 월 11 일에 어떤큰사건이발생했는가?)

☞ Terrorists attacked the United States. (테러범들이미국을공격함)

87. Name one American Indian tribe in the United States. (미국에 있는 아메리카인디언 종족중 한종족의 이름을 말하라.)

☞ Cherokee (체로키) / Navajo (나바호) / Sioux (수) / Chippewa (치피와) / Choctaw (촉토) / Pueblo (푸에블로) / Apache (아파치) / Iroquois (이로쿼이) / Creek (크릭) / Blackfeet (블랙피트) / Seminole (세미놀) / Cheyenne (샤이엔) / Arawak (아라와크) / Shawnee (쇼니) / Mohegan (모히간) / Huron (휴론) / Oneida (오니다) / Lakota (라코타) / Crow (크로) / Teton (테톤) / Hopi (호피) / Inuit (이누잇)

A: Geography (지리)

88. Name one of the two longest rivers in the United States. (미국에 있는 가장 길이가 긴 강 두개중 하나의 이름을 말하라.)

☞ Missouri (River) (미조리강) / Mississippi (River) (미시시피강)

89. What ocean is on the West Coast of the United States? (미국서부연안에 있는 바다는 무엇인가?)

☞ Pacific (Ocean) (태평양)

90. What ocean is on the East Coast of the United States? (미국동부연안에 있는 바다는 무엇인가?)

☞ Atlantic (Ocean) (대서양)

91. Name one U.S. territory. (미국 영토에 속하는 것 하나를 말하라.)

☞ Puerto Rico (푸에토리코) / U.S. Virgin Islands (미국령버진군도) / American Samoa (미국령사모아군도) / Northern Mariana Islands (북부마리아나군도) / Guam (괌)

92. Name one state that borders Canada. (캐나다와 접경하고 있는 주(州)들중 하나의 이름을 말하라.)

☞ Maine (메인) / New Hampshire (뉴햄프셔) / Vermont (버몬트) / New York (뉴욕) /

Pennsylvania (펜실바니아) / Ohio (오하이오) / Michigan (미시건) / Minnesota (미네소타) / North Dakota (노스다코다) / Montana (몬타나) / Idaho (아이다호) / Washington (워싱턴) / Alaska (알래스카)

93. Name one state that borders Mexico. (멕시코와 접경하고 있는주(州)들 중 하나의 이름을 말하라.)

☞ California (캘리포니아) / Arizona (아리조나) / New Mexico (뉴멕시코) / Texas (텍사스)

94. What is the capital of the United States? (미국의 수도는 어디인가?)

☞ Washington, D.C. (워싱턴 DC)

95. Where is the Statue of Liberty?* (자유의 여신상은 어디에 있는가?)

☞ New York (Harbor) (뉴욕항) / Liberty Island (리버티섬) [참고: New Jersey (뉴저지), near New York City (뉴욕시근처), on the Hudson (River) (허드슨강에)라는답도가능하다.]

B: Symbols (상징들)

96. Why does the flag have 13 stripes? (왜 국기에는 13 개의 줄무늬가 있는가?)

☞ because there were 13 original colonies (최초식민이주지가 13 개였기때문에) / because the stripes represent the original colonies (줄무늬는최초의 13 개식민이주지를나타내기때문에)

97. Why does the flag have 50 stars?* (왜 국기에는 50 개의 별이 있는가?)

☞ because there is one star for each state (각각의주(州)에 하나의 별이 있기 때문에) / because each star represents a state (각각의 별은 한주(州)를 나타내기 때문에) / because there are 50 states (50 개의주(州)가 있기 때문에)

98. What is the name of the national anthem? (국가(國歌)의 이름은 무엇인가?)

☞ The Star-Spangled Banner (성조기)

99. When do we celebrate Independence Day?*(독립기념일은 언제인가?)

☞ July 4 (7 월 4 일)

100. Name two national U.S. holidays. (미국의 국가공휴일중 두가지를 말하라.)

☞ New Year's Day (정월초하루) / Martin Luther King, Jr., Day (마틴루터킹
2 세기념일) / Presidents' Day (대통령기념일) / Memorial Day (전몰장병추도기념일)
/ Independence Day (독립기념일) / Labor Day (노동절) / Columbus Day
(콜럼버스기념일) / Veterans Day (재향군인의날) / Thanksgiving (추수감사절) /
Christmas (크리스마스)

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